## **Oldfield Partners LLP**

## Annual disclosure of the top execution venues by trading volume used to execute professional client orders

Class of Instrument	Equities – Shares and depositary Receipts				
	Tick size liquidity bands 5 and 6 (from 2000 trades per day)				
Notification if <1 average	N				
trade per business day in					
the previous year					
Top five execution venues	Proportion of volume	Proportion of orders	Percentage of passive <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of	Percentage of
ranked in terms of trading	traded as a	executed as	orders	aggressive <sup>2</sup> orders	directed <sup>3</sup> orders
volumes (descending	percentage of total of	percentage of total in			
order)	that class	that class			
Bank of America Merrill	39.33	23.02	N/A	N/A	0
Lynch					
Barclays Capital	28.76	33.42	N/A	N/A	0
Bernstein	15.27	21.78	N/A	N/A	0
UBS	14.52	9.90	N/A	N/A	0
Deutsche Bank	1.72	3.47	N/A	N/A	0

<sup>1</sup> A **Passive** order means an order entered into an order book that provided liquidity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An **Aggressive** order means an order entered into an order book that took liquidity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A **Directed** order means an order where a specific execution venue or broker was specified by the underling client prior to the execution of the order.

Class of Instrument	Equities – Shares and depositary Receipts					
	Tick size liquidity band 3 and 4 (80 to 1999 trades per day)					
Notification if <1 average	Υ					
trade per business day in						
the previous year						
Top five execution venues	Proportion of volume	Proportion of orders	Percentage of passive	Percentage of	Percentage of	
ranked in terms of trading	traded as a	executed as	orders	aggressive orders	directed orders	
volumes (descending	percentage of total of	percentage of total in				
order)	that class	that class				
Pavilion Global Markets	44.41	4.63	N/A	N/A	0	
Deutsche Bank	21.68	17.59	N/A	N/A	0	
Bernstein	14.59	47.22	N/A	N/A	0	
Barclays Capital	11.85	19.44	N/A	N/A	0	
Bank of America Merrill	6.00	7.41	N/A	N/A	0	
Lynch						

Class of Instrument	Equities – Shares and depositary Receipts					
	Tick size liquidity band 1 and 2 (0 to 79 trades per day)					
Notification if <1 average	N					
trade per business day in						
the previous year						
Top five execution venues	Proportion of volume	Proportion of orders	Percentage of passive	Percentage of	Percentage of	
ranked in terms of trading	traded as a	executed as	orders	aggressive orders	directed orders	
volumes (descending	percentage of total of	percentage of total in				
order)	that class	that class				
Daiwa	30.16	22.99	N/A	N/A	0	
Bernstein	23.67	26.73	N/A	N/A	0	
CLSA	15.64	14.63	N/A	N/A	0	
Deutsche Bank	14.76	6.71	N/A	N/A	0	
UBS	12.32	16.28	N/A	N/A	0	

Class of Instrument	Currency derivatives				
	Forwards				
Notification if <1 average	Υ				
trade per business day in					
the previous year					
Top five execution venues	Proportion of volume	Proportion of orders	Percentage of passive	Percentage of	Percentage of
ranked in terms of trading	traded as a	executed as	orders	aggressive orders	directed orders
volumes (descending order)	percentage of total of	percentage of total in			
	that class	that class			
The Northern Trust	72	50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Company					
(6PTKHDJ8HDUF78PFWH30)					
Brown Brothers Harriman &	28	50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Co.					
(5493006KMX1VFTPYPW14)					

Summary of the analysis and conclusions drawn from the Firm's detailed monitoring of the quality of execution obtained on the execution venues where it executed client orders in the 12 months to 31 December 2017.

Oldfield Partners LLP (the "Firm") acts as a portfolio manager for funds and segregated account mandates. It is authorised to provide services to Professional Clients only and not to Retail Clients.

The Firm monitors the effectiveness of its order execution arrangements on a regular basis:

- Staff placing orders with brokers monitor trade executions as they occur. Any aberrations detected are queried with the broker concerned. For Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts the prices quoted by counterparties are compared to Bloomberg and other relevant pricing data sources.
- The Firm's Operations department ensures that actual transaction costs (including broker commissions and exchange fees) are the same as previously agreed transaction costs.
- For equity securities, the Firm reviews Transaction Cost Analysis (TCA) provided by a third party specialist with particular emphasis on Implementation Shortfall<sup>4</sup>, Interval VWAP<sup>5</sup> and % of Interval Volume<sup>6</sup>.
- For foreign exchange forward contracts, the Firm reviews TCA provided by a third party specialist to benchmark the rates obtained against rates obtained by comparative firms, being circa 50 investment managers that provide their executions to the third party specialist. Further, an exception report is created on a monthly basis showing foreign exchange forward transactions which were outside a normalized deal rate range where the economic loss exceeded \$100.
- An annual review of the effectiveness of the Firm's execution arrangement is undertaken by Compliance and reported to the Firm's Board.

During the year the Firm did not identify any deficiencies in its execution arrangements.

Explanation of the relative importance the firm gave to the execution factors of price, costs, speed, likelihood of execution or any other consideration including qualitative factors when assessing the quality of execution;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Implementation shortfall is the difference between the decision price and the final execution price (including commissions, taxes, etc.) for a trade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The slippage between the Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP) during the trading interval and the average execution price.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The volume participation rate of the order during the trading interval.

Subject to any specific instructions from the client, the factors that the Firm will consider in order to determine the manner in which an order will be executed are: price, costs, speed, likelihood of execution and settlement, together with any other consideration relevant to the execution of the order. Such considerations include the availability of liquidity, the market impact of the order and, where relevant, the availability of appropriate credit lines.

In determining the relative importance of these factors the Firm will take into account its clients' status as a professional client, together with the nature of the order, the characteristics of the financial instruments to which the order relates and the characteristics of the available execution venues. In the absence of specific instructions from the client, the Firm will exercise its discretion to determine which of these factors, or combination of them, will be relevant to achieve the best result.

Ordinarily, price will merit a high relative importance in obtaining the best possible result for professional clients. The next most important factor is likely to be liquidity. However, in certain circumstances, for some client orders, financial instruments or markets, the Firm, in its absolute discretion, may decide that other factors may be more important in determining the best possible result in accordance with this Policy.

Description of any close links, conflicts of interests, and common ownerships with respect to any execution venues used to execute orders;

The Firm has no close links, conflicts of interests, and common ownerships with respect to any execution venues used to execute orders.

Description of any specific arrangements with any execution venues regarding payments made or received, discounts, rebates or non-monetary benefits received;

There are no arrangements with any execution venues regarding payments made or received, discounts, rebates or non-monetary benefits received.

The Firm does not receive inducements from its appointed brokers other than minor non-monetary benefits which are judged not to impair the Firm's duty to act in the best interests of its clients and which are capable of enhancing the quality of client service. The types of minor non-monetary benefits that may be received include: information relating to financial instruments such as market commentaries; participation at conferences or seminars on specific financial instruments and reasonable and proportionate hospitality of a de minimis value

Explanation of the factors that led to a change in the list of execution venues listed in the firm's execution policy, if such a change occurred;

One broker was added to the list of approved executing counterparties in 2017 as it had a particular expertise in block trading and finding natural liquidity which the Firm believed could be helpful for minimising impact costs. Two brokers were removed from the list of approved executing counterparties in 2017 given neither had been used for some time.

Explanation of how order execution differs according to client categorisation, where the firm treats categories of clients differently and where it may affect the order execution arrangements;

This is not applicable as the Firm only provides services to Professional Clients.

Explanation of whether other criteria were given precedence over immediate price and cost when executing retail client orders and how these other criteria were instrumental in delivering the best possible result in terms of the total consideration to the client;

This is not applicable as the Firm does not provide services to Retail Clients.

Explanation of how the investment firm has used any data or tools relating to the quality of execution and, where applicable, an explanation of how the investment firm has used output of a consolidated tape provider.

As described above, the Firm uses market data on execution prices to gain assurance as to the quality of execution provided by appointed executing brokers.